



AC-1624

M. Sc. (Sem. IV) Examination

April / May - 2015

PH (T) : 544 : Physics

(Group Theory & Quantum Field Theory)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

Instructions :

(1)

नीचे दृष्टावेक निशानीवाणी विगतो उतरवडी पर अवश्य लपवी.
Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.

Name of the Examination :
M. SC. (SEM. IV)

Name of the Subject :
PH (T) : 544 : PHYSICS

Subject Code No. : 1 6 2 4 Section No. (1, 2,.....): Nil

Seat No. :

Student's Signature

- (2) Attempt all questions.
(3) Symbols used have their usual meaning.
(4) Figures to the right indicate marks.
(5) Assume data whenever necessary.

1 Attempt any two questions.

- (i) (a) Define direct product of representation of a group. 3
(b) Explicitly show that if $\sigma_u, \sigma_v, C_4^2 \in C_{4v}$ group, then $C_4^2 \sigma_u = \sigma_v$. 4
- (ii) (a) Define the character of a representation of a group and state the orthogonality theorem for characters. 3
(b) Show that the set of all non-singular matrices of order n form a group under matrix multiplication. 4
- (iii) (a) What is meant by conjugate element of a group? What is the conjugate element to $m_y \in C_{4v}$. 3
(b) Explain the reducibility of representation of a group. What is meant by reducible representation and an irreducible representation of a group? 4

2 Attempt any two questions.

- (i) (a) What is meant by a continuous group? Give an example. 3
(b) Consider a circle of radius a and let x measure the distance along the circumference. Let $f=f(x)$ and let $T(\varphi)$ stand for a rotation of the function f through an angle φ about an axis normal to the circle and passing through its centre. Find the generator for this transformation and express the operator $T(\varphi)$ in terms of the generators. 4

- (ii) (a) What are the groups $O(3)$ and $SO(3)$? Show that $O(3) = SO(3) \otimes (E, J)$. 3
- (b) Consider a linear homogeneous transformation of two variable of the form 4
- $$\begin{aligned} x' &= a_{11}x + a_{12}y, \\ y' &= a_{21}x + a_{22}y, \end{aligned} \quad \text{with } \det A = \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \neq 0$$
- Show that the set of all such transformation is a four-parameter group.
- (iii) (a) Express a general element of a Lie group with r continuous parameters in terms 3
of the corresponding generators.
- (b) Discuss the Lorentz group. 4
- 3 Attempt any two questions.**
- (i) (a) Define number, creation and annihilation operators for a scalar field. 3
- (b) Discuss the Lagrangian formulation and quantization rules for a charged scalar 4
field.
- (ii) (a) Define vacuum state of a free scalar field. 3
- (b) Define normal product operator and find $:aa^\dagger + aa^\dagger a:$. 4
- (iii) (a) What is meant by Lagrangian density and Hamiltonian density functions? 3
- (b) Write the free field Lagrangian density for the spin zero field and obtain the 4
field equation corresponding to the Klein-Gordon equation.
- 4 Attempt any two questions.**
- (i) (a) Write the Feynman diagram with one loop correction in the case of electron- 3
electron scattering with a static charge.
- (b) Apply the Feynman rules for the above case and express the scattering 4
amplitude.
- (ii) (a) Discuss the rules for Feynman graphs in configuration space. 3
- (b) Discuss in some details the idea of renormalization. 4
- (iii) (a) Establish the anti-commutation relations for the Dirac field. 3
- (b) Describe the initial and final state vectors for the scattering of a photon by an 4
electron (Compton Scattering) and draw the corresponding Feynman diagrams
and give the expression for the S-matrix elements.
- 5 Attempt any two questions.**
- (i) (a) Explain the main features of QCD as the theory for strong interaction. 3
- (b) Discuss the Higg's mechanism with reference to spontaneous symmetry 4
breaking.
- (ii) (a) Express the interaction Lagrangian, $L_i = -g_i :[\bar{R}_e \varphi^\dagger L_e + \bar{L}_e \varphi R_e]$: in terms of 3
the physical fields ψ_e and Φ_0 .
- (b) Write the interaction Lagrangian and draw the Feynman diagrams for the 4
process: (a) emission of a photon by an electron; (b) electron-positron
annihilation.
- (iii) (a) What are gauge transformations? Explain the gauge principle and gauge fields. 3
- (b) Discuss the spontaneous breaking of global symmetry in Goldstone model. 4